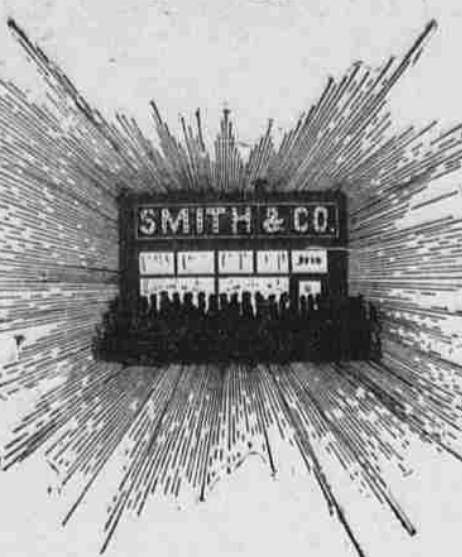


How Small Stores Can Draw Trade



By Electric Light

using G.E. MAZDA lamps in show windows and electric signs outside will draw trade from larger stores not so well equipped. We will be glad to tell you how this can be done with these lamps which give more light for less money than any other illuminant.

Valley Light & Power Co.
Perryburg Maumee

Decline of Fine Writing.

Certain phrases once in favor have no doubt disappeared. Fire is no longer known as "the devouring element." Unfortunate men fall no more with a "dull, sickening thud." Firemen are not necessarily "fire ladders," and there is dancing that does not last to the "wee, sma' hours." But men stealing flour or potatoes are still caught "red handed," and "willing hands" pull victims of a railway accident from under a car. In fact, we do not remember a single instance of "unwilling hands."

And there are still writers "in our midst" who begin by saying: "It is a far cry from turnips to zodiac, and yet—" and there are others who oracularly assert "there are vacations and vacations," as well-meaning persons allude feelingly to a "departed brother who has gone to that bourne from whence no traveler returns."

Years ago in Essex county, New York, a shiftless man, who was constitutionally lazy and seldom earned a dollar, died and was buried. The clergyman was asked to say something at the funeral to assuage the grief of the mourners. We remember these consolatory words: "Our dear friend, my brethren and sisters, was not blessed with this world's goods. His whole life was a struggle. It was spent in toiling and mulling so that he might obtain the wherewithal to avoid financial stagnation."—Boston Herald.

WONDERFUL SKIN SALVE.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve is known everywhere as the best remedy made for all diseases of the skin, and also for burns, bruises and boils. Reduces inflammation and is soothing and healing. J. T. Sossaman, publisher of News, of Cornelius, N. C., writes that one box helped his serious skin ailment after other remedies failed. Only 25c. Recommended by all druggists.—Adv.

Held to Their Carriage.

A man seated in his own private carriage placed upon a track at the end of a railway train would probably be considered a bit of a crank nowadays. Yet it was quite a common occurrence within the memory of many people still living. The late duke of Portland always traveled in that way between Welbeck and London. And in Notes and Queries the Rev. Sir David Hunter-Blair tells a story of a gentleman he knew in his youth who was wont to go from London to Brighton in the same fashion. Once the truck at the end of the train got disconnected in a tunnel, leaving the exclusive passenger seated stationary in his carriage—also in darkness and peril.

TREES LIVE FOR CENTURIES

Six Thousand Years Is the Age of One on the Canary Islands, and There Are Numerous Others.

Knowing that some trees have reached the age of several thousand years, it is surprising that so many of our shade trees should die so young. The age of a dragon tree on one of the Canary Islands is said to be more than 6,000 years; that of a bald cypress in Mexico is believed to be more than 4,000 years, and that of an English oak in Europe and a "big tree" (Sequoia gigantea) in California is known to be more than 2,000 years.

Many trees also have attained to enormous size, both in height and diameter. The eucalyptus in Australia is known to reach a height of 470 feet and the "big tree," the redwood, and the Douglas fir in California often grow to a height of three hundred feet. The sycamore and tulip tree in the eastern states sometimes reach a height of 150 feet. The tree of largest diameter is found at the base of Mount Etna, in Sicily. It is a species of chestnut and its trunk is more than sixty feet in diameter. Some people claim this remarkable tree is the result of several individuals. The Oriental sycamore comes next with a diameter of about forty feet.—From "Trees in Winter" by Blakeslee and Jarvis.

FACT.

Local Evidence.

Evidence that can be verified. Fact is what we want. Opinion is not enough. Opinions differ. Here's a Perryburg fact. You can test it.

Edward Roberts, farmer, Fifth St., Perryburg, Ohio, says: "Last March I had trouble from my back and kidneys. There was a dull, throbbing ache through my limbs. The kidney secretions were profuse and I was obliged to get up three or four times at night to pass them. Nothing benefited me until I obtained Doan's Kidney Pills. They cured me of my trouble in two or three weeks and there has been no return attack."

If your back aches—if your kidneys bother you, don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—ask distinctly for Doan's Kidney Pills, the same that Mr. Roberts had—the remedy backed by home testimony. 50c. all stores. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

FEEL WORTH OF PROGRESS

People of South American Metropolis Keep More Than Abreast With the Spirit of the Day.

Though perhaps without intending to do so, Mr. Bryce in his "South America" delivers a little lecture to the large American cities. He is telling about Buenos Aires, and how it is something between Paris and New York. The streets are filled with fashionable crowds and "nowhere in the world does one get a stronger impression of exuberant wealth and extravagance. The opera house and the races and the park show one side of the activities of this sanguine community and the docks and the port show another. Twenty years ago sea-going vessels had to lie two or three miles off Buenos Aires, discharging their cargo by lighters and their passengers by small launches and partly by high wheeled carts which carried people from the launches ashore through the shallow water. Now a long, deep channel has been dug and is kept open by dredging, up which large steamers find their way to the very edge of the city. Docks many miles in length have been constructed to receive the shipping and large stretches of land reclaimed and huge warehouses erected and railway lines laid down alongside the wharves.

"Not Glasgow when she deepened her river to admit the largest ships, nor Manchester when she made her ship canal, hardly even Chicago when she planned a new park and lagoons in the lake that washes her front, showed greater enterprise and bolder conceptions than did the men of Buenos Aires when on this exposed shallow coast they made alongside their city a great ocean harbor.

"They are a type of our time, in their equal devotion to business and pleasure, the two and only duties of this latest phase of humanity."

SEEMS MOST FABULOUS SUM

Fortune of the Rothschilds Estimated at Two Billion—Own Property in All Countries.

A French statistician has just completed figures which, he asserts, show the fortune of the famous house of Rothschild. The entire fortune is estimated at ten milliards of francs. A milliard is a billion, so that in dollars the Rothschild fortune equals \$20,000,000,000.

Placed at 4 per cent, the Rothschild fortune would produce an annual revenue of \$80,000,000. But this sum is far from being a reality, as the great part of the Rothschild riches is in property. In Lancashire they own immense thread mills, while in Germany they possess numerous coal mines with a capacity of millions of tons per annum. In Brazil the Rothschilds own immense rubber forests, and in Persia factories where the most beautiful carpets in the world are made.

In Spain there are numerous zinc and lead mines operated by the Rothschilds. In South Africa also the Rothschilds own mines. The Rothschilds, in addition, own large forests in Siberia, while in Australia entire cities are their property. They also own large quantities of real estate in different European capitals.

Cunning in Art.

We have heard so much about graft and dishonesty and the "shame of our cities" that many of us firmly believe that ours is the wickedest of the nations of the earth. To destroy a myth is a thankless task, for people believe what they want to believe and are apt to resent any attempt to rob them of their pleasure and satisfaction in so doing. Nevertheless some of us are glad to learn from time to time that graft and cunning are not unknown in the older countries nor in the older of the noble families.

Some time ago an American millionaire coveted a noble painting by Raphael that hung in the gallery of a princely Italian home. The family refused to part with it, declaring that the government would not allow the priceless treasure to leave the country. But the millionaire determined to buy it, and then the owner offered to paint a snow scene over the canvas and ship it to New York, where it could be cleaned and restored. This was done, but the cleaners used turpentine, which removed not only the snow scene but the Raphael painting as well, and revealed a fine portrait of Marconi underneath.

Thief's Message.

A child's bank, with "In God We Trust" printed across the top, and containing \$30 in dimes, was left untouched by a burglar who ransacked the home of Harry L. Kramer at California, Pa.

After searching and finding little, the marauder unearthed the little bank, which belongs to Kramer's ten-year-old daughter. The burglar evidently decided he would leave the house empty-handed rather than take the child's savings.

So, under the inscription "In God We Trust," he scribbled, "So did I—once," and departed.—Washington Post.

Told Him to "Hold On," and He Did. In the far south they say "Hold on" when they mean stop. A southern man went to a dentist to have a tooth removed. The pain proving much worse than the patient had expected, he yelled lustily: "Hold on, Doc, hold on!"

"Didn't I tell you to stop?" he demanded angrily, after the operation was completed.

"No," replied the dentist. "You told me to hold on, and so I did."

HIS FIRST SPAGHETTI FEAST

Alkali Eye Is Not Particularly Impressed With Delicacy So Popular Among Italians.

Thursday night we was asked to a spaghetti feast, an' we air here ter admit that we ain't th' guy that put th' "get" in spaghetti, ner did we put th' spaghetti inter us. Believe us, ef we ever ast anyone ter a spaghetti feast we shall be prepared ter feed it to th' aforesaid guest by means of a chute, or else we shall have a lady with a pair o' shears stand at th' side o' each guest ter save his life by cuttin' him loose whenever it gits around his neck an' he starts ter strangle. Sev'ral times we got black in th' face an' our durned ol' tongue hung out 'fore we was rescued. We seen a statute once of some sort of a coon, we think it was a laocoon, consistin' of a father an' two sons in a struggle ter th' death with a mess o' spag, an' we felt just like that our ownself. Th' stuff that is served on th' side, we done a-plenty to that. O' course we ain't th' sort of a duck that gives up without no struggle; we fit a plate o' spag all over th' place before we give up, an' we say fer ourself that th' spag looked as haggard an' wore out as we did before we surrendered. Before we got ter another spag fight we air goin' ter fill a bath tub with th' stuff an' git into it an' practice fer a day. We put up a long an' a noble fight, but we had ter end up by takin' a can o' th' spag fer bait an' goin' fishin'. We think a spaghetti feast ought ter be called a fish dinner instead.—Alkali Eye.

NEW USE FOR PHONOGRAPH

Ingenuous Housewife Devised Plan That Kept Maid in the Straight and Proper Path.

A Brooklyn clubwoman who was going out of town for a few days was in a quandary over the problem of her husband's existence during her absence. The maid was Swedish and could neither read nor write English, yet she somehow must be told each day, as only the mistress could tell her, what should be done about the house. A moment's thought solved the problem. A list of each day's duties was made out. Next, a phonograph dealer was called up and instructed to send up a half dozen blank records. The ingenious mistress then sat down in front of her machine and dictated her orders, using one record for each day's instructions. The records were then placed in their pasteboard cases, and the days on which they should be used were indicated on the outside by one, two, three and four straight lines, making a mistake impossible. As a result not only was everything in perfect order upon her return, but the novelty had so appealed to the maid that she had "played" her orders over and over until she could repeat them word for word.

BEST MEDICINE FOR COLDS.

When a druggist recommends a remedy for colds, throat and lung troubles, you can feel sure that he knows what he is talking about. C. Lower, Druggist, of Marion, Ohio, writes of Dr. King's New Discovery: "I know Dr. King's New Discovery is the best throat and lung medicine I sell. It cured my wife of a severe bronchial cold after all other remedies failed." It will do the same for you if you are suffering with a cold or any bronchial, throat or lung cough. Keep a bottle on hand all the time for everyone in the family to use. It is a home doctor. Price 50c and \$1.00. Guaranteed by all druggists.

AN ORDINANCE

Adopting, confirming and levying the assessments made on account of the improvement of Louisiana Avenue in the Village of Perryburg, Ohio.

WHEREAS on February 25, 1913, the estimating board heretofore appointed by the Council for that purpose did report to this Council an estimated assessment of a part of the cost of the improvement of Louisiana Avenue upon the lots and lands charged therewith, in proportion to the benefits which may result from such improvement, a copy of which assessment was thereupon filed in the office of the Clerk of the Village of Perryburg, State of Ohio;

WHEREAS, the Council has published notice for three weeks consecutively in the Perryburg Journal that such assessment has been made, and that it is on file in the office of the Clerk for the inspection and examination of persons interested therein;

WHEREAS, more than two weeks have passed since the expiration of such notice and no person has filed any objection to any of said assessments; Now Therefore,

Be It Ordained by the Council of the Village of Perryburg, State of Ohio:

Sec. 1. That the assessments as reported by said estimating board be and the same hereby are adopted, confirmed and levied upon the several lots and parcels of lots or lands, as shown on a said report.

Sec. 2. That the Clerk of Council be and he is hereby directed to record said report and assessments upon the proper record in his office.

Sec. 3. Said assessments shall be payable in ten equal annual installments, the first installment to be paid with the taxes for the year 1913, and one installment with the taxes of each year thereafter until all said installments are paid; Provided, the owner of each lot or parcel of land so assessed shall have the right to pay his assessment in full within thirty days from the date of passage of this ordinance.

On all assessments so paid in full a deduction or discount of twenty-three per cent shall be made therefrom, that amount having been included in said assessment for interest on deferred payments.

Sec. 4. That the Clerk of the Council, September, each year, shall certify to the County Auditor of Wood County such assessments as have not been paid in full, stating the amounts and the time of payment.

Sec. 5. This ordinance is declared to be an emergency measure and shall take effect and be in force from and after the expiration of ten days after the first publication thereof.

Passed May 13, 1913.

E. L. CLAY, Mayor.

Attest: J. W. LYON, Village Clerk.

Headache



THOUSANDS OF WOMEN suffer miserably from periodic attacks of headache, never dreaming that a permanent cure may be had. Headache nearly always results from some disorder of the stomach, liver or bowels. Take Chamberlain's Tablets. They will correct these disorders and there will be no more headache. Many have been permanently cured by Chamberlain's Tablets.

Chamberlain's Tablets

In the Court of Common Pleas, Wood County, State of Ohio.

Laura C. Barton, Plaintiff,
vs.
Hiram A. Donaldson et al., Defendants.

NOTICE

The defendants, Hiram A. Donaldson, William Donaldson, George T. Donaldson, Richard F. Donaldson, Robert S. Donaldson, A. Donaldson, James H. Donaldson, Anna Donaldson, Wiles, Samuel Wiles, Samuel Wiles, John E. Donaldson, Benjamin Franklin, Mary R. Donaldson, John E. Donaldson, Harriet C. Donaldson, Frances A. Donaldson, Nancy Donaldson, the place of residence of each of whom is unknown to the plaintiff, Laura C. Barton, and also the defendants, the unknown heirs, devisees, legatees, next of kin and legal representatives of Hiram A. Donaldson, William Donaldson, George T. Donaldson, Richard F. Donaldson, Robert S. Donaldson, A. Donaldson, James H. Donaldson, Anna Donaldson, Wiles, Samuel Wiles, Samuel Wiles, John E. Donaldson, Benjamin Franklin, Mary R. Donaldson, John E. Donaldson, Harriet C. Donaldson, Frances A. Donaldson, Nancy Donaldson, deceased, respectively, and each of them are each and all hereby notified that on the 5th day of April, 1913, said plaintiff, Laura C. Barton, filed her petition against said defendants in the court of common pleas of Wood County, Ohio, same being known as cause No. 17495, therein praying that she be appointed guardian of the property of said defendants, and that she be the owner in fee simple and in possession of the several tracts of real estate situated in Perryburg Township, Wood County, Ohio, in the United States Reserve of twelve miles square, at the foot of the Rapids of the Miami of Lake Erie, bounded and described as follows:

1. Commencing at the point where the center line of the Toledo and Perryburg wagon road, usually called the River road, intersects the west line of lot number three (3) of Kindervater's Subdivision of River Tract number seventy-five (75); running thence in a northerly course along the center line of said River road eight hundred and thirty-two (832) feet, to a point on the west line of said lot number three (3) in said Kindervater's Subdivision; thence south along the west line of said lot number three (3), one hundred and forty-seven and six-tenths (147.6) feet to the place of beginning.

2. Commencing at a point on the east line of lot number four (4), of Kindervater's said subdivision, one hundred and forty-seven and six-tenths (147.6) feet from the intersection of the center line of lot number four (4) with the center line of said Toledo and Perryburg River road; running thence north along the east line of said lot number four (4), one hundred and thirty-six and four-tenths (136.4) feet to the water's edge of the Maumee river at normal stage; running thence in a southeasterly course along the water's edge of the Maumee river at normal stage, eighty-three (83) feet, to the place of beginning, the last course, if continued, crossing the center line of said River road at right angles.

3. Commencing at a point on the east line of said lot number four (4), one hundred and thirty-six and four-tenths (136.4) feet to the water's edge of the Maumee river at normal stage; running thence in a southeasterly course along the water's edge of the Maumee river at normal stage, eighty-three (83) feet, to the place of beginning, the last course, if continued, crossing the center line of said River road at right angles.

4. Commencing at a point on the east line of said lot number four (4), one hundred and thirty-six and four-tenths (136.4) feet to the water's edge of the Maumee river at normal stage; running thence in a southeasterly course along the water's edge of the Maumee river at normal stage, eighty-three (83) feet, to the place of beginning, the last course, if continued, crossing the center line of said River road at right angles.

5. Commencing at a point on the east line of said lot number four (4), one hundred and thirty-six and four-tenths (136.4) feet to the water's edge of the Maumee river at normal stage; running thence in a southeasterly course along the water's edge of the Maumee river at normal stage, eighty-three (83) feet, to the place of beginning, the last course, if continued, crossing the center line of said River road at right angles.

6. Commencing at a point on the east line of said lot number four (4), one hundred and thirty-six and four-tenths (136.4) feet to the water's edge of the Maumee river at normal stage; running thence in a southeasterly course along the water's edge of the Maumee river at normal stage, eighty-three (83) feet, to the place of beginning, the last course, if continued, crossing the center line of said River road at right angles.

7. Commencing at a point on the east line of said lot number four (4), one hundred and thirty-six and four-tenths (136.4) feet to the water's edge of the Maumee river at normal stage; running thence in a southeasterly course along the water's edge of the Maumee river at normal stage, eighty-three (83) feet, to the place of beginning, the last course, if continued, crossing the center line of said River road at right angles.

8. Commencing at a point on the east line of said lot number four (4), one hundred and thirty-six and four-tenths (136.4) feet to the water's edge of the Maumee river at normal stage; running thence in a southeasterly course along the water's edge of the Maumee river at normal stage, eighty-three (83) feet, to the place of beginning, the last course, if continued, crossing the center line of said River road at right angles.

9. Commencing at a point on the east line of said lot number four (4), one hundred and thirty-six and four-tenths (136.4) feet to the water's edge of the Maumee river at normal stage; running thence in a southeasterly course along the water's edge of the Maumee river at normal stage, eighty-three (83) feet, to the place of beginning, the last course, if continued, crossing the center line of said River road at right angles.

10. Commencing at a point on the east line of said lot number four (4), one hundred and thirty-six and four-tenths (136.4) feet to the water's edge of the Maumee river at normal stage; running thence in a southeasterly course along the water's edge of the Maumee river at normal stage, eighty-three (83) feet, to the place of beginning, the last course, if continued, crossing the center line of said River road at right angles.

11. Commencing at a point on the east line of said lot number four (4), one hundred and thirty-six and four-tenths (136.4) feet to the water's edge of the Maumee river at normal stage; running thence in a southeasterly course along the water's edge of the Maumee river at normal stage, eighty-three (83) feet, to the place of beginning, the last course, if continued, crossing the center line of said River road at right angles.

12. Commencing at a point on the east line of said lot number four (4), one hundred and thirty-six and four-tenths (136.4) feet to the water's edge of the Maumee river at normal stage; running thence in a southeasterly course along the water's edge of the Maumee river at normal stage, eighty-three (83) feet, to the place of beginning, the last course, if continued, crossing the center line of said River road at right angles.

13. Commencing at a point on the east line of said lot number four (4), one hundred and thirty-six and four-tenths (136.4) feet to the water's edge of the Maumee river at normal stage; running thence in a southeasterly course along the water's edge of the Maumee river at normal stage, eighty-three (83) feet, to the place of beginning, the last course, if continued, crossing the center line of said River road at right angles.

14. Commencing at a point on the east line of said lot number four (4), one hundred and thirty-six and four-tenths (136.4) feet to the water's edge of the Maumee river at normal stage; running thence in a southeasterly course along the water's edge of the Maumee river at normal stage, eighty-three (83) feet, to the place of beginning, the last course, if continued, crossing the center line of said River road at right angles.

15. Commencing at a point on the east line of said lot number four (4), one hundred and thirty-six and four-tenths (136.4) feet to the water's edge of the Maumee river at normal stage; running thence in a southeasterly course along the water's edge of the Maumee river at normal stage, eighty-three (83) feet, to the place of beginning, the last course, if continued, crossing the center line of said River road at right angles.

16. Commencing at a point on the east line of said lot number four (4), one hundred and thirty-six and four-tenths (136.4) feet to the water's edge of the Maumee river at normal stage; running thence in a southeasterly course along the water's edge of the Maumee river at normal stage, eighty-three (83) feet, to the place of beginning, the last course, if continued, crossing the center line of said River road at right angles.

17. Commencing at a point on the east line of said lot number four (4), one hundred and thirty-six and four-tenths (136.4) feet to the water's edge of the Maumee river at normal stage; running thence in a southeasterly course along the water's edge of the Maumee river at normal stage, eighty-three (83) feet, to the place of beginning, the last course, if continued, crossing the center line of said River road at right angles.

18. Commencing at a point on the east line of said lot number four (4), one hundred and thirty-six and four-tenths (136.4) feet to the water's edge of the Maumee river at normal stage; running thence in a southeasterly course along the water's edge of the Maumee river at normal stage, eighty-three (83) feet, to the place of beginning, the last course, if continued, crossing the center line of said River road at right angles.

19. Commencing at a point on the east line of said lot number four (4), one hundred and thirty-six and four-tenths (136.4) feet to the water's edge of the Maumee river at normal stage; running thence in a southeasterly course along the water's edge of the Maumee river at normal stage, eighty-three (83) feet, to the place of beginning, the last course, if continued, crossing the center line of said River road at right angles.

Be It ordained by the Council of the Village of Perryburg, State of Ohio.

Sec. (1). That the assessments as reported by said estimating board be and the same are hereby adopted, confirmed and levied upon the lots and lands as shown in said report.

Sec. (2). That the Clerk of Council be and he is hereby directed to record said report and assessments upon the proper record in his office.

Sec. (3). Said assessments shall be payable in thirty days of the final passage of this ordinance or in two equal annual installments with interest at the rate of six percent (6%) per annum on deferred payments the first installment to be paid with the taxes for the year 1913, and one thereafter.

Sec. (4). That the Clerk of Council shall on or before the second Monday in September each year certify to the County Auditor of Wood County such assessments as have not been paid in full, stating the amount and time of payment.

Sec. (5). This ordinance is declared to be an emergency measure and same shall take effect and be in force from and after the expiration of ten days after the first publication thereof.

Passed May 13, 1913.

E. L. CLAY, Mayor.

Attest: J. W. LYON, Village Clerk.

The Toledo & Maumee Valley Ry. Co.

IN EFFECT FEB. 1, 1911.

Leaving Perryburg for Toledo

Leaving Toledo for Perryburg

Leaving Perryburg for Toledo

Leaving Toledo for Perryburg

Leaving Perryburg for Toledo

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